

①

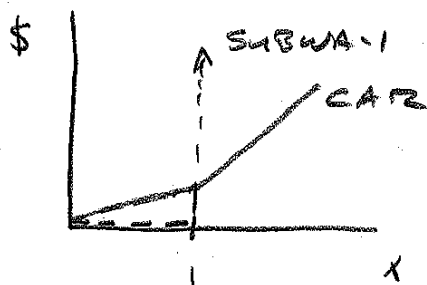
② FOR LINEAR CITY, W/O SUBWAY, BID RENT SCHEDULES

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MAX}_{r, x} \quad & w - tx - r \\ & (w - tx - r)^\beta \geq \bar{u} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow w - tx - r = \bar{u}^{1/\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_0(x) = w - tx - \bar{u}^{1/\beta}$$

FOR LINEAR CITY WITH SUBWAYS, COMMUTE COSTS LOOK LIKE THIS



THE BID RENT FOR SUBWAY COMMUTERS IS

$$R^S(x) = \begin{cases} w - \bar{u}^{1/\beta} & x \leq 1 \\ 0 & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

AND FOR DRIVERS

$$R^D(x) = \begin{cases} w - \bar{u}^{1/\beta} - \frac{t}{2}x & x \leq 1 \\ w - \bar{u}^{1/\beta} - \frac{t}{2} - t(x-1) & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

THE UPPER ENVELOPE,  $\max\{R^S, R^D\}$ , IS

$$R_1(x) = \begin{cases} w - \bar{u}^{1/\beta} & x \leq 1 \\ w - \bar{u}^{1/\beta} - \frac{t}{2} - t(x-1) & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

(2)

NOTE THAT  $R_1$  IS DISCONTINUOUS AT 1.

EQUILIBRIUM CITY SIZE W/O SUBWAYS SATISFIES

$$R_0(\bar{x}_0) = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = w - t\bar{x}_0 - \bar{u}^{1/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{x}_0 = \frac{w - \bar{u}^{1/3}}{t}$$

EQUILIBRIUM CITY SIZE WITH SUBWAYS IS DETERMINED BY MARGINAL DRIVER

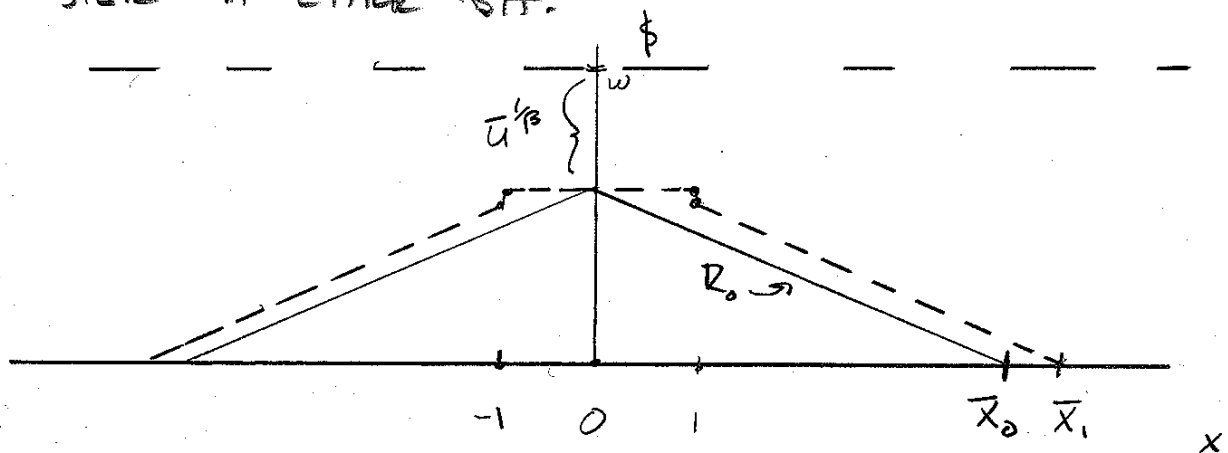
$$R_1(x_1) = 0 \Rightarrow w - \bar{u}^{1/3} - \frac{t}{2} - t(x_1 - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{w - \bar{u}^{1/3} - t/2}{t} + 1 = \bar{x}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{w - \bar{u}^{1/3}}{t} + \frac{1}{2} = \bar{x}_1 = \bar{x}_0 + \frac{1}{2}$$

SO  $\bar{x}_1 = \bar{x}_0 + \frac{1}{2}$ , SO SUBWAYS INCREASE CITY SIZE A LITTLE BIT.

(2)



(3)

③ TO MAKE THIS EASY, ASSUME ONE WAY COMMUTING.

WHEN EVERYONE DRIVES, THE NUMBER OF CARS

PAST  $x$  IS  $\bar{x}_0 - x$

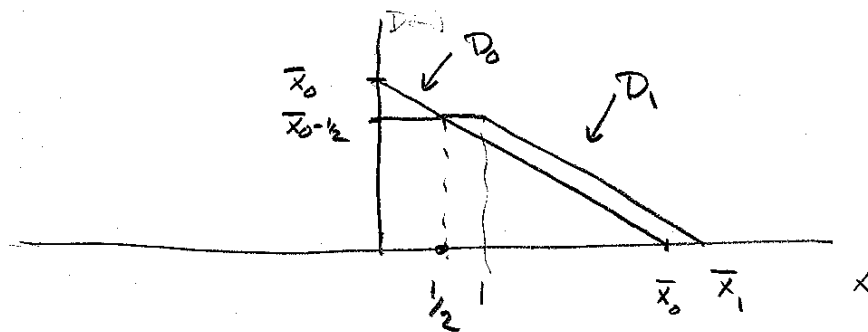
$$D_0(x) = \begin{cases} \bar{x}_0 - x & x \in [0, \bar{x}_0] \\ -[\bar{x}_0 - x] & x \in [0, -\bar{x}_0] \\ 0 & \text{ELSE} \end{cases}$$

WITH SUBWAYS, NONE OF THE COMMUTERS IN

$x \in [-1, 1]$  DRIVE, SO WE HAVE

$$D_1(x) = \begin{cases} \bar{x}_1 - 1 & x \in [-1, 1] \\ (\bar{x}_1 - 1) - x & x \geq 1 \\ -(\bar{x}_1 + 1) - x & x < -1 \\ 0 & \text{ELSE} \end{cases}$$

OR



WHEN

$$D_0(x) = D_1(x)$$

WHEN

$$\bar{x}_0 - x = \bar{x}_1 - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{x}_0 - x = \bar{x}_0 + \frac{1}{2} - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

(4)

WITHOUT SUBWAY, TOTAL DRIVING IN CENTRAL CITY  
i.e. SUBWAY CATCHMENT IS

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \int_0^1 D_0(x) dx &= 2 \int_0^1 \bar{x}_0 - x dx = 2 \left[ \bar{x}_0 x - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_0^1 \\ &= 2 \left[ \bar{x}_0 - \frac{1}{2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

TOTAL DRIVING IN THE WHOLE CITY IS

$$2 \int_0^{\bar{x}_0} D_0(x) dx = 2 \int_0^{\bar{x}_0} x dx = \bar{x}_0^2$$

WITH SUBWAY, TOTAL DRIVING IN THE CENTRAL CITY IS,

$$2 \int_0^1 D_1(x) dx = 2 \left[ \bar{x}_0 - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

IN THE WHOLE CITY

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \left[ \bar{x}_0 - \frac{1}{2} \right] + \int_1^{\bar{x}_0 + \frac{1}{2}} (\bar{x}_0 - \frac{1}{2} - x) dx &= \text{(BY INSPECTION)} \\ &= 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2} \bar{x}_0^2 - \frac{1}{2} \right] = \left[ (\bar{x}_0 + \frac{1}{2})^2 - 1 \right] \end{aligned}$$

SO AS LONG AS  $\bar{x}_0$  IS BIG ENOUGH, TOTAL DRIVING  
INCREASES WITH SUBWAY. BUT DRIVING IN THE  
CENTRAL PART DECREASES. AS LONG AS POLLUTION  
IS LOCAL, THIS RATIONALIZES DURBANAI + TURNER  
AER 2011 AND CHEN AND WHALLEY AER 2012.

$$[a] \quad \text{MAX} \quad h^\alpha z^{1-\alpha}$$

$$\text{s.t.} \quad ph + z = w - \tau x$$

$$\Rightarrow z(p) = (1-\alpha)(w - \tau x)$$

$$h(p) = \frac{\alpha}{p} (w - \tau x)$$

WITH FREE MOBILITY

$$[h(p)]^\alpha [z(p)]^{1-\alpha} = \underline{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow p(x) = \left[ \frac{(w - \tau x)^\alpha (1-\alpha)^{1-\alpha}}{\underline{y}} \right]^{1/\alpha}$$

[b] SER DURAMITOMI + PUGA HANDBOOK P8

$$[c] \quad \frac{d}{dx} e(p, y) = \frac{\partial e}{\partial p} \cdot \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} = -\tau$$

$$\text{SINCE} \quad \frac{d}{dx} (w - \tau x) = -\tau$$

$$\text{BUT} \quad \frac{\partial e}{\partial p} = h \quad \text{SO} \quad \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} = \frac{-\tau}{h}$$